





Section
Occupational Diseases

Subject

Lung Cancer - Gold Miners

Policy

Primary cancer of the trachea, bronchus or lung is accepted as an occupational disease under s.2(1) and s.15 of the *Workplace Safety and Insurance Act, 1997* (WSIA) as characteristic of gold mining in Ontario.

Guidelines

To determine entitlement, the decision-maker must first confirm that:

- the worker has worked in an Ontario gold mine with substantiated occupational history, and
- the gold miner has been diagnosed with primary cancer of the trachea, bronchus or lung, with medical evidence establishing the diagnosis.

The following <u>table</u> sets out <u>the criteria</u>, <u>which if met, are considered</u> <u>categories of</u> persuasive evidence to establish work-relatedness. In assessing entitlement, the decision-maker weighs all the <u>available evidence</u>, <u>including work-related</u> and non-work-<u>related</u> factors and determines <u>work-relatedness based on</u> the individual merits of the case.

Necessary evidence to establish work-relatedness

Condition	Necessary evidence
The worker has worked in	Substantiated occupational history.
Ontario gold mine.	
AND	
The gold miner has been	Medical evidence establishing the presence of primary
diagnosed with primary cancer of	cancer of the trachea, bronchus or lung.
the trachea, bronchus or lung.	
AND	

Persuasive evidence to establish work-relatedness

<u>Condition</u> Criteria	Persuasive evidence
A biologically plausible latency period is present-	Latency can vary with intensity and type of exposure. Usually it is biologically plausible that the disease occurs: -15 years after first employment in a "dusty occupation" (see note below*)
	OR
	 5 years between first employment in mines with radon progeny and the diagnosis of the disease.
The gold miner has worked during the dustiest years of gold mining.	Evidence of "dusty gold mining" (see note below)** experience in Ontario prior to December 31, 1945.

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AND	
A Company of the Comp	OR
	 Evidence of "dusty gold mining" experience in
	Ontario in mines.
Sufficient and consistent	To satisfy this condition <u>criteria</u> the gold miner has:
evidence of occupational	1. 1) a chest x-ray rating of 4 or more as rated
exposure must be present-	by the Ontario WSIB chest x-ray classification
	system and weighted dust exposure index of 60 or more. Weighted dust exposure is the
	sum of years worked in "dusty gold mining" in
	Ontario <u>:</u>
	• pre 1936 x 4
	• from 1936 to 1944 x 3
	• from 1945 to 1954 x 2 <u>, or</u>
	• after 1954 x 1.
	OR
	2. 2) a chest x-ray rating of 4 or more as rated by
	the Ontario WSIB chest x-ray classification
	system and was first employed in "dusty gold
	mining" in Ontario before attaining age of 30.
	OR
	3. 3) worked in mines which were dusty and had
	significant arsenic levels_(The duration of
	mining such mines which <u>would constitute</u> sufficient exposure depends on arsenic levels
	in the mines. The most current scientific
	information is used to assess whether the
	exposure to arsenic is to establish work-
	relatedness.)
	OR
	A) was alread in paring a subjet. It is the 100 feet of
	— 4)-worked in mines which had significant levels of radon progeny (
	— NOTE







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4. The policy on lung cancer and uranium mining (see 23-02-03, Lung Cancer among Workers in Uranium Mining Industry) and the Ontario Miners Study is consulted to determine whether the exposure is sufficient to establish work-relatedness.)
OR
5. 5) the equivalent of 5 years of "dusty gold mining" and was first employed in an Ontario gold mine before attaining 30 years of age, if no arsenic or radon exposure is present
OR
6. 6) the equivalent of 10 years of "dusty gold mining" if no arsenic radon exposure is present.

NOTES

*"dDusty occupation "and

**"Ddusty gold mining" are is defined by the Ontario WSIB coding system which are outlined in the table below follows.

*"dusty occupation" and

**"Dusty gold mining" is defined by the Ontario WSIB coding system which follows.

Dust exposure defined by occupation codes (based on WSIB codes)

WSIB Code	Definition
11	Full time in dust exposure - mill
12	Full time in dust exposure " " " " other surface
13	Full time in dust exposure " " " " shaft sinking
14	Full time in dust exposure " " " " " other
	underground
15	Full time in dust exposure surface and
	underground
16	Full time in dust exposure - open pit



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21	Part time in dust exposure - mill (including mill in open pit)
22	Part time in dust exposure " " " " " other surface
25	Part time in dust exposure " " " " " surface and
	underground
26	Part time in dust exposure " " " " open pit
97	Dust exposure, specifics unknown

Retroactivity

For all allowed claims, past and future, considered under the WSIB policy on lung cancer among goldminers (either Minute No. 3, January 8, 1988, Page 5216 or Minute #5, August 29, 1991, Page 5471), eligibility for entitlement and benefits shall be retroactive to the date of accident or to the date of the worker's death in the case of survivors' benefits, and paid in accordance with the provisions of the *Workers' Compensation Act* or <u>WSIAWorkplace Safety and Insurance Act</u> in effect at that time and thereafter. There is no restriction to entitlement to benefits based on whether the worker, spouse or dependants are or were alive as of a specific date.

In <u>lung cancer</u> claims, the date of accident is the date of diagnosis or the date <u>initial medical</u> attention is sought for symptoms consistent with the <u>diagnosis</u> of the first medical report of related symptoms, whichever is the earlier (see, 11-01-04, Determining the Date of Injury).

Application date

This policy applies to all decisions made on or after July 20, 2023, for all accidents.

Document hHistory

This document replaces <u>16-02-07 dated October 12, 2004.</u>

This document was previously published as: 04-04-08 dated October 27, 1994.

References

Legislative Aauthority

Workplace Safety and Insurance Act, 1997, as amended

Sections 2(1), 15, 119(1)

Minute

Administrative

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16-02-07

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